SAFETY DATA SHEET



Section 1. Identification

| GHS product identifier | : 80-1170 Circ-Kleen Ultra Contact Cleaner |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Other means of identification | : Industrial/Professional use |
| Product type | : Aerosol. |

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Not applicable.

| Supplier's details : | Manufactured For: Kimball Midwest 4800 Roberts Road Columbus, OH 43228 Tel: 800-233-1294 |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | |
| Emergency telephone number | Chemtrec - 1-800-424-9300 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
|--|--|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | : SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A GASES UNDER PRESSURE Compressed gas |
| | Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 2% |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Warning |
| Hazard statements | : Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| Prevention | : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. |
| Response | : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. |
| Storage | : Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. |
| Disposal | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : None known. |
| | |

Date of previous issue

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Industrial/Professional use

CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number | : Not applicable. |
|--------------|-------------------|
| Product code | : 1632-16S |

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|------------------------|---|------------|
| trans-dichloroethylene | - | 156-60-5 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
|------------------------|---|
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Most important symptom | s/effects. acute and delayed |

| Potential acute health | <u>n effects</u> |
|------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. |
| Ingestion | : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. |

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Section 4. First aid measures

| | Eye contact | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
|---|-----------------------------|----|--|
| | Inhalation | - | Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing |
| | Skin contact | - | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| | Ingestion | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. nausea or vomiting Ingestion Seek medical attention. |
| h | ndication of immediate medi | ca | l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| | | | |

| maloution of infinediate met | and all all and open and open and and the all and the all and the all all all all all all all all all al |
|------------------------------|--|
| Notes to physician | : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

I

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds carbonyl halides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|--------------------------------|---|
| | |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non- emergency personnel". |
|-----|---|
| : | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| ont | ainment and cleaning up |
| : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |
| | : ont : |

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section tainer: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatu pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact hing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. tilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inact tainers retain product residue and can be hazardous. | rés exceeding 50°C. Do t with eyes, skin and Jse only with adequate |
|--|---|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | ng, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas whe dled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands a king and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and prot gring eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional informa- asures. | nd face before eating, ective equipment before |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | e in accordance with local regulations. Store away from dir well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see drink. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmenta | e Section 10) and food |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|------------------------|--|
| trans-dichloroethylene | ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 793 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |

| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

Date of issue/Date of revision

Version : 2

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures

| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
|------------------------|--|
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Other skin protection | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appoaranco | |
|--|--|
| Appearance Discrimination | |
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Color | : Clear. Colorless. |
| Odor | : Ethereal. Faint odor. |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| рН | : Not available. |
| Melting point | : Not available. |
| Boiling point | : 37°C (98.6°F) |
| Flash point | : [Product does not sustain combustion.] |
| Evaporation rate | : Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | : 24.1 kPa (180.43 mm Hg) [room temperature] |
| Vapor density | : Not available. |
| Relative density | : 1.27 |
| Solubility | : Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. |
| Viscosity | : Not available. |
| Aerosol product | |

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Type of aerosol | : Spray |
|---|------------------------|
| Heat of combustion | : 0.84 kJ/g |
| Ignition distance | : 0 cm |
| Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent | : 312 s/m ³ |
| Enclosed space ignition - Deflagration density | : 612 g/m³ |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid increased storage temperature. |
| Incompatible materials | : Oxidizing agents alkalis |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|--|---------|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| trans-dichloroethylene | LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral | Rabbit | 24100 ppm >5 g/kg 1235 mg/kg | 4 hours - - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--|------------------|-------|---|-------------|
| trans-dichloroethylene | Eyes - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit Rabbit | - | 10 milligrams 24 hours 500 milligrams | - |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

| Information on the likely routes of exposure | : Not available. |
|---|--|
| Potential acute health effects | <u>S</u> |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. |
| Ingestion | : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. |
| Symptoms related to the phy | vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. nausea or vomiting Ingestion Seek medical attention. |
| Delayed and immediate effect | cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure |
| Short term exposure | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Long term exposure | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health eff | ects |
| Not available. | |
| General | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Route | ATE value |
|-------|--------------|
| Oral | 2058.3 mg/kg |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|----------|
| 5 | Acute LC50 220000 to 290000 μg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| trans-dichloroethylene | 2.09 | - | low |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc) | |

| Other adverse effects | | No known | significant | offocto | or critical | hazarde |
|-----------------------|-----|-----------|-------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| Other adverse effects | ÷., | INO KHOWH | signincant | enects | or critical | nazarus. |

Section 13. Disposal considerations

| Disposal methods | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not |
|------------------|---|
| | puncture or incinerate container. |

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

| Ingredient | CAS # | | Reference number |
|---|----------|--------|---------------------|
| 1,2-Dichloroethylene; Ethene, 1,2-dichloro-, (E)- | 156-60-5 | Listed | U079 |

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | ADR/RID | IMDG | IATA | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| UN number | - | - | - | UN1950 | UN1950 | ID8000 | |
| UN proper shipping name | Consumer commodity ORM-D | Consumer commodity ORM-D | Consumer commodity ORM-D | Aerosols, non- flammable (1,1, 1,2 Tetrafluoroethane, Carbon dioxide) | Aerosols, non- flammable (1,1, 1,2 Tetrafluoroethane) | Consumer commodity ID8000 | |
| Date of issue/Date of | revision : | 5/20/2015. Date o | f previous issue | : 5/20/2015. | Version | :2 | 8/1 |

| Transport hazard class(es) | ORM-D | ORM-D | ORM-D | 2 | 2.2 | 9 |
|-------------------------------|---|-------|-------|--------------------|-----|-----|
| | | | | 2 | 2 | |
| Packing group | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | Reportable quantity 1666.7 lbs / 756.67 kg [157. 39 gal / 595.8 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements. | - | - | Tunnel code (E) | - | |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

| : TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rules: Pentane, 1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoro- TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined |
|--|
| TSCA 12(b) one-time export: Pentane, 1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoro- |
| All components are listed or exempted. |
| Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: trans-dichloroethylene |
| : Not listed |
| |

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

| Name | % | hazard | Sudden release of pressure | | Immediate (acute) health hazard | Delayed (chronic) health hazard |
|------------------------|---------|--------|----------------------------------|-----|--|--|
| trans-dichloroethylene | 50 - 70 | Yes. | No. | No. | Yes. | No. |

State regulations

Massachusetts

: The following components are listed: DICHLOROETHYLENE-TRANS; CARBON DIOXIDE

New York

: The following components are listed: Ethene, trans-1,2-dichloro-; Dichloroethylene

New Jersey Pennsylvania The following components are listed: CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBONIC ACID GAS
 The following components are listed: ETHENE, 1,2-DICHLORO-, (E)-; CARBON DIOXIDE

International regulations

| Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals | È |
|---|---|
| Not listed. | |

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

International lists

| National inventory | |
|--------------------|--|
| Australia | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Canada | All components are listed or exempted. |
| China | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Europe | Not determined. |
| Japan | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Malaysia | Not determined. |
| New Zealand | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Philippines | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Republic of Korea | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Taiwan | Not determined. |

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

| <u>History</u> | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Date of printing | : 5/20/2015. |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 5/20/2015. |
| Date of previous issue | : 5/20/2015. |
| Version | : 2 |
| Key to abbreviations | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations |
| References | : Not available. |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.